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Bis(benzyltrimethylammonium)
tetrabromidocuprate(II)

Lei Jin, Ning Liu, Yong-Jun Li and De-Hong Wu*

College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Southeast University, Nanjing
210096, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: jinlei8812@163.com

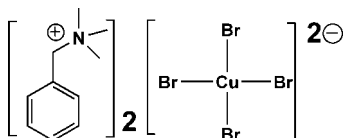
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 291$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.007$ Å;
 R factor = 0.063; wR factor = 0.172; data-to-parameter ratio = 23.7.

In the title molecular salt, $(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{N})_2[\text{CuBr}_4]$, the Cu^{II} ion adopts a squashed tetrahedral geometry with $\text{Br}-\text{Cu}-\text{Br}$ angles varying between 99.29 (3) and 132.53 (3)°. In the crystal, the components are linked by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Br}$ interactions, thereby generating a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For background to molecular-ionic compounds, see: Coffey *et al.* (2000); Liu *et al.* (2001); Long *et al.* (1997); Luque *et al.* (1997); Woodward *et al.* (2001).



Experimental

Crystal data

$(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{N})_2[\text{CuBr}_4]$ $V = 2579.5$ (6) Å³
 $M_r = 683.66$ $Z = 4$
 Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $a = 9.1908$ (8) Å $\mu = 7.05$ mm⁻¹
 $b = 9.6697$ (19) Å $T = 291$ K
 $c = 29.0243$ (8) Å $0.28 \times 0.26 \times 0.24$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury2 diffractometer 25511 measured reflections
 Absorption correction: multi-scan 5922 independent reflections
 (*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005) 3769 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.161$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.183$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.101$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.063$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.89$ e Å⁻³
 $wR(F^2) = 0.172$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.33$ e Å⁻³
 $S = 1.02$ Absolute structure: Flack (1983),
 2556 Friedel pairs
 250 parameters Flack parameter: 0.06 (2)
 H-atom parameters constrained

Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Cu1—Br1	2.3522 (7)	Cu1—Br3	2.3764 (7)
Cu1—Br2	2.3912 (7)	Cu1—Br4	2.3378 (7)

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C8}-\text{H8}\cdots\text{Br3}^{\text{i}}$	0.93	2.90	3.737 (5)	150
$\text{C12}-\text{H12A}\cdots\text{Br4}^{\text{ii}}$	0.96	2.89	3.781 (5)	155
$\text{C12}-\text{H12C}\cdots\text{Br4}^{\text{iii}}$	0.96	2.93	3.794 (5)	151

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (ii) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 2$; (iii) $x + 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

DHW thanks SEU research start-up capital for new teachers for support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6385).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, m1325 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811034830]

Bis(benzyltrimethylammonium) tetrabromidocuprate(II)

L. Jin, N. Liu, Y.-J. Li and D.-H. Wu

Comment

Recently much attention has been devoted to simple molecular–ionic compounds containing organic cations and anions due to the tunability of their special structural features and their interesting physical properties (Coffey *et al.*, 2000; Liu *et al.*, 2001; Long *et al.*, 1997; Luque *et al.*, 1997; Woodward *et al.*, 2001). In our laboratory, the title compound has been synthesized and its crystal structure is herein reported.

The molecule of the title compound, $(C_{10}H_{16}N^+)_2.CuBr_4^{2-}$ crystallizes in the orthorhombic $P2_12_12_1$ space group, and an asymmetric unit consists of one bromocuprate anion unit and two benzyltrimethylammonium cations (Fig 1). In the structure, the Cu(II) ion adopts a distorted tetrahedron geometry by four Br[−] anions with the bond distances of Cu–Br being in the range of 2.3378 (7)–2.3912 (7) Å and the bond angles of Br–Cu–Br being in the range of 99.29 (3)–132.53 (3)°, thus largely deviating from ideal tetrahedral angles of 109.5°. There are no classic hydrogen bonds found except for non-classic C(8)—H(8)⋯Br(3), C(12)—H(12 A)⋯Br(34), C(12)—H(12 C)⋯Br(4) hydrogen-bonded interactions (Table 1). The benzyltrimethylammonium cations interact with the tetrahedral $CuBr_4^{2-}$ anion through above nonclassical hydrogen-bonded interactions and non-covalent interaction—static attracting forces (Coulomb and Van der Waals forces) to afford a three-dimensional network.

Experimental

At room temperature, benzyltrimethylammonium chloride (5 mmol, 0.93 g) were dissolved in 30 ml ethanol, then $CuCl_2 \cdot H_2O$ (5 mmol, 0.85 g) was added into the previous solution slowly with stirring. A great quantity of yellow microcrystals were obtained by filtering after 3 days in air. The crystal was further dissolved in ethanol with excessive HBr solution carefully added with stirring. A purple solid appeared after days in the air with yield about 65%. Block purple single crystals were obtained by the slow evaporation of the above solution after a week in air.

The dielectric constant of the compound as a function of temperature indicates that the permittivity is basically temperature-independent ($\epsilon = C/(T-T_0)$), suggesting that this compound is not ferroelectric or there may be no distinct phase transition occurring within the measured temperature range between 123 K and 400 K (below the compound melting point 420 K).

Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H = 0.93 Å for Csp^2 atoms and C—H = 0.96 Å and 0.96 Å for Csp^3 atoms), assigned fixed U_{iso} values [$U_{iso} = 1.2U_{eq}(Csp^2/N)$ and $1.5U_{eq}(Csp^3)$] and allowed to ride.

Figures

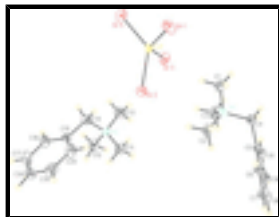


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

Bis(benzyltrimethylammonium) tetrabromidocuprate(II)

Crystal data

(C₁₀H₁₆N)₂[CuBr₄]

$M_r = 683.66$

Orthorhombic, *P*2₁2₁2₁

Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab

$a = 9.1908$ (8) Å

$b = 9.6697$ (19) Å

$c = 29.0243$ (8) Å

$V = 2579.5$ (6) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 1340$

$D_x = 1.760$ Mg m⁻³

Mo *K*α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 20422 reflections

$\theta = 3.1$ – 27.8°

$\mu = 7.05$ mm⁻¹

$T = 291$ K

Block, purple

$0.28 \times 0.26 \times 0.24$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury2
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
graphite

Detector resolution: 13.6612 pixels mm⁻¹

CCD_Profile_fitting scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.161$, $T_{\max} = 0.183$

25511 measured reflections

5922 independent reflections

3769 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.101$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.1^\circ$

$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$

$l = -37 \rightarrow 37$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.063$

$wR(F^2) = 0.172$

$S = 1.02$

5922 reflections

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0838P)^2]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.89$ e Å⁻³

250 parameters

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.33 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

0 restraints

Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 2556 Friedel pairs

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Flack parameter: 0.06 (2)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	0.16703 (6)	0.33426 (5)	0.800673 (18)	0.06775 (16)
Br2	0.49529 (5)	0.46102 (5)	0.855426 (17)	0.05492 (13)
Br3	0.48651 (5)	0.08709 (5)	0.870934 (18)	0.05845 (14)
Br4	0.15255 (6)	0.21832 (6)	0.91811 (2)	0.07334 (17)
C1	0.5435 (5)	0.2722 (7)	0.73255 (16)	0.077 (2)
H1A	0.4986	0.3359	0.7115	0.115*
H1B	0.5080	0.2889	0.7631	0.115*
H1C	0.5203	0.1792	0.7236	0.115*
C2	0.7333 (6)	0.4347 (5)	0.74409 (16)	0.0749 (18)
H2A	0.6761	0.4959	0.7254	0.112*
H2B	0.8348	0.4530	0.7391	0.112*
H2C	0.7100	0.4493	0.7760	0.112*
C3	0.7683 (5)	0.1951 (6)	0.76459 (15)	0.0680 (17)
H3A	0.7392	0.2194	0.7953	0.102*
H3B	0.8723	0.2005	0.7621	0.102*
H3C	0.7371	0.1025	0.7579	0.102*
C4	0.7539 (4)	0.2631 (4)	0.68414 (13)	0.0441 (12)
H4A	0.6950	0.3158	0.6627	0.053*
H4B	0.7387	0.1659	0.6775	0.053*
C5	0.9108 (4)	0.2968 (4)	0.67551 (13)	0.0351 (11)
C6	0.9473 (5)	0.4283 (5)	0.65858 (15)	0.0537 (14)
H6	0.8759	0.4939	0.6524	0.064*
C7	1.0959 (6)	0.4577 (5)	0.65128 (17)	0.0684 (17)
H7	1.1235	0.5444	0.6405	0.082*
C8	1.1977 (5)	0.3617 (6)	0.65970 (15)	0.0683 (17)
H8	1.2945	0.3852	0.6547	0.082*
C9	1.1682 (5)	0.2327 (5)	0.67503 (15)	0.0569 (14)
H9	1.2420	0.1687	0.6803	0.068*
C10	1.0156 (4)	0.1981 (4)	0.68298 (14)	0.0474 (12)

supplementary materials

H10	0.9897	0.1101	0.6930	0.057*
C11	0.8707 (5)	0.5105 (5)	0.91952 (14)	0.0533 (14)
H11A	0.9518	0.4566	0.9089	0.080*
H11B	0.9034	0.6016	0.9276	0.080*
H11C	0.7992	0.5168	0.8955	0.080*
C12	0.9205 (5)	0.4376 (6)	0.99779 (15)	0.0609 (16)
H12A	0.8770	0.4072	1.0261	0.091*
H12B	0.9617	0.5279	1.0020	0.091*
H12C	0.9956	0.3740	0.9889	0.091*
C13	0.7555 (5)	0.3076 (5)	0.95072 (16)	0.0596 (16)
H13A	0.6932	0.3096	0.9242	0.089*
H13B	0.7022	0.2728	0.9767	0.089*
H13C	0.8372	0.2485	0.9447	0.089*
C14	0.6765 (5)	0.5276 (4)	0.97618 (16)	0.0482 (13)
H14A	0.6285	0.4785	1.0010	0.058*
H14B	0.6080	0.5347	0.9509	0.058*
C15	0.7132 (4)	0.6732 (4)	0.99279 (15)	0.0426 (12)
C16	0.7364 (5)	0.6983 (5)	1.03985 (15)	0.0567 (15)
H16	0.7287	0.6280	1.0616	0.068*
C17	0.7715 (6)	0.8337 (6)	1.05265 (17)	0.0758 (18)
H17	0.7846	0.8544	1.0837	0.091*
C18	0.7868 (5)	0.9352 (5)	1.0209 (2)	0.0659 (17)
H18	0.8184	1.0222	1.0302	0.079*
C19	0.7564 (5)	0.9120 (6)	0.9752 (2)	0.0732 (18)
H19	0.7613	0.9844	0.9542	0.088*
C20	0.7181 (5)	0.7791 (5)	0.96046 (16)	0.0584 (15)
H20	0.6963	0.7620	0.9297	0.070*
Cu1	0.32377 (5)	0.27605 (5)	0.861735 (16)	0.03655 (13)
N1	0.7012 (3)	0.2913 (3)	0.73160 (12)	0.0441 (10)
N2	0.8055 (3)	0.4434 (3)	0.96042 (12)	0.0401 (10)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.0715 (3)	0.0703 (3)	0.0614 (3)	0.0008 (3)	-0.0305 (3)	0.0075 (3)
Br2	0.0561 (2)	0.0591 (3)	0.0496 (3)	-0.0083 (2)	0.0004 (2)	-0.0010 (2)
Br3	0.0548 (2)	0.0547 (2)	0.0659 (3)	0.0217 (2)	0.0048 (2)	-0.0025 (2)
Br4	0.0754 (3)	0.0813 (3)	0.0634 (3)	0.0056 (3)	0.0165 (3)	-0.0031 (3)
C1	0.040 (2)	0.150 (5)	0.040 (3)	-0.008 (3)	0.004 (2)	-0.014 (3)
C2	0.108 (4)	0.060 (3)	0.057 (3)	-0.015 (3)	0.033 (3)	-0.026 (2)
C3	0.068 (3)	0.096 (4)	0.040 (3)	0.007 (3)	0.008 (3)	0.006 (3)
C4	0.0396 (19)	0.054 (2)	0.039 (2)	-0.002 (2)	0.0012 (19)	-0.012 (2)
C5	0.0446 (19)	0.036 (2)	0.025 (2)	-0.0101 (18)	0.0075 (17)	-0.0088 (17)
C6	0.069 (3)	0.054 (3)	0.038 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.004 (2)
C7	0.104 (4)	0.052 (3)	0.050 (3)	-0.021 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.004 (2)
C8	0.056 (3)	0.109 (4)	0.040 (3)	-0.035 (3)	0.010 (2)	-0.009 (3)
C9	0.053 (2)	0.082 (3)	0.037 (3)	-0.007 (3)	-0.005 (2)	0.000 (2)
C10	0.043 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.047 (2)	-0.004 (2)	0.019 (2)	-0.003 (2)

C11	0.070 (3)	0.056 (2)	0.034 (2)	-0.005 (2)	0.003 (2)	0.012 (2)
C12	0.059 (3)	0.089 (3)	0.035 (3)	0.021 (3)	-0.017 (2)	-0.003 (3)
C13	0.061 (3)	0.053 (3)	0.065 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.000 (3)	-0.002 (2)
C14	0.041 (2)	0.059 (3)	0.045 (3)	-0.002 (2)	-0.002 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C15	0.036 (2)	0.043 (2)	0.048 (3)	-0.0017 (19)	-0.0012 (19)	-0.005 (2)
C16	0.070 (3)	0.062 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.002 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C17	0.107 (4)	0.074 (3)	0.046 (3)	0.024 (3)	-0.010 (3)	-0.021 (3)
C18	0.056 (3)	0.045 (3)	0.096 (4)	0.001 (2)	0.006 (3)	-0.020 (3)
C19	0.084 (3)	0.061 (3)	0.075 (4)	0.005 (3)	0.024 (3)	0.017 (3)
C20	0.078 (3)	0.056 (3)	0.041 (3)	0.020 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.001 (2)
Cu1	0.0384 (2)	0.0409 (2)	0.0304 (3)	0.0049 (2)	-0.0006 (2)	-0.0023 (2)
N1	0.0378 (17)	0.0514 (19)	0.043 (2)	-0.0065 (17)	0.0017 (15)	-0.0093 (17)
N2	0.0329 (16)	0.0449 (19)	0.042 (2)	-0.0031 (16)	-0.0029 (15)	-0.0020 (16)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cu1—Br1	2.3522 (7)	C9—H9	0.9300
Cu1—Br2	2.3912 (7)	C10—H10	0.9300
Cu1—Br3	2.3764 (7)	C11—N2	1.480 (5)
Cu1—Br4	2.3378 (7)	C11—H11A	0.9600
C1—N1	1.461 (5)	C11—H11B	0.9600
C1—H1A	0.9600	C11—H11C	0.9600
C1—H1B	0.9600	C12—N2	1.515 (5)
C1—H1C	0.9600	C12—H12A	0.9600
C2—N1	1.463 (6)	C12—H12B	0.9600
C2—H2A	0.9600	C12—H12C	0.9600
C2—H2B	0.9600	C13—N2	1.420 (6)
C2—H2C	0.9600	C13—H13A	0.9600
C3—N1	1.471 (6)	C13—H13B	0.9600
C3—H3A	0.9600	C13—H13C	0.9600
C3—H3B	0.9600	C14—N2	1.509 (5)
C3—H3C	0.9600	C14—C15	1.525 (6)
C4—N1	1.485 (5)	C14—H14A	0.9700
C4—C5	1.499 (5)	C14—H14B	0.9700
C4—H4A	0.9700	C15—C20	1.390 (6)
C4—H4B	0.9700	C15—C16	1.403 (6)
C5—C10	1.374 (5)	C16—C17	1.398 (7)
C5—C6	1.404 (6)	C16—H16	0.9300
C6—C7	1.411 (7)	C17—C18	1.353 (7)
C6—H6	0.9300	C17—H17	0.9300
C7—C8	1.340 (7)	C18—C19	1.373 (8)
C7—H7	0.9300	C18—H18	0.9300
C8—C9	1.352 (7)	C19—C20	1.400 (7)
C8—H8	0.9300	C19—H19	0.9300
C9—C10	1.460 (6)	C20—H20	0.9300
Br4—Cu1—Br1	99.92 (3)	N2—C11—H11C	109.5
Br4—Cu1—Br3	99.29 (3)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
Br1—Cu1—Br3	130.85 (3)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
Br4—Cu1—Br2	132.53 (3)	N2—C12—H12A	109.5

supplementary materials

Br1—Cu1—Br2	99.62 (3)	N2—C12—H12B	109.5
Br3—Cu1—Br2	99.72 (3)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
N1—C1—H1A	109.5	N2—C12—H12C	109.5
N1—C1—H1B	109.5	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
N1—C1—H1C	109.5	N2—C13—H13A	109.5
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	N2—C13—H13B	109.5
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
N1—C2—H2A	109.5	N2—C13—H13C	109.5
N1—C2—H2B	109.5	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
H2A—C2—H2B	109.5	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
N1—C2—H2C	109.5	N2—C14—C15	114.8 (3)
H2A—C2—H2C	109.5	N2—C14—H14A	108.6
H2B—C2—H2C	109.5	C15—C14—H14A	108.6
N1—C3—H3A	109.5	N2—C14—H14B	108.6
N1—C3—H3B	109.5	C15—C14—H14B	108.6
H3A—C3—H3B	109.5	H14A—C14—H14B	107.5
N1—C3—H3C	109.5	C20—C15—C16	121.6 (4)
H3A—C3—H3C	109.5	C20—C15—C14	118.3 (4)
H3B—C3—H3C	109.5	C16—C15—C14	120.1 (4)
N1—C4—C5	115.4 (3)	C17—C16—C15	117.1 (4)
N1—C4—H4A	108.4	C17—C16—H16	121.4
C5—C4—H4A	108.4	C15—C16—H16	121.4
N1—C4—H4B	108.4	C18—C17—C16	121.5 (5)
C5—C4—H4B	108.4	C18—C17—H17	119.3
H4A—C4—H4B	107.5	C16—C17—H17	119.3
C10—C5—C6	121.1 (4)	C17—C18—C19	121.2 (5)
C10—C5—C4	119.8 (4)	C17—C18—H18	119.4
C6—C5—C4	119.0 (4)	C19—C18—H18	119.4
C5—C6—C7	117.8 (4)	C18—C19—C20	119.8 (5)
C5—C6—H6	121.1	C18—C19—H19	120.1
C7—C6—H6	121.1	C20—C19—H19	120.1
C8—C7—C6	120.6 (5)	C15—C20—C19	118.5 (4)
C8—C7—H7	119.7	C15—C20—H20	120.7
C6—C7—H7	119.7	C19—C20—H20	120.7
C7—C8—C9	124.1 (5)	C1—N1—C2	108.4 (4)
C7—C8—H8	118.0	C1—N1—C3	108.9 (4)
C9—C8—H8	118.0	C2—N1—C3	110.7 (4)
C8—C9—C10	117.1 (4)	C1—N1—C4	108.6 (3)
C8—C9—H9	121.4	C2—N1—C4	109.7 (3)
C10—C9—H9	121.4	C3—N1—C4	110.5 (3)
C5—C10—C9	119.3 (4)	C13—N2—C11	112.2 (3)
C5—C10—H10	120.3	C13—N2—C14	107.8 (3)
C9—C10—H10	120.3	C11—N2—C14	108.9 (3)
N2—C11—H11A	109.5	C13—N2—C12	109.5 (3)
N2—C11—H11B	109.5	C11—N2—C12	107.9 (3)
H11A—C11—H11B	109.5	C14—N2—C12	110.5 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C8—H8···Br3 ⁱ	0.93	2.90	3.737 (5)	150
C12—H12A···Br4 ⁱⁱ	0.96	2.89	3.781 (5)	155
C12—H12C···Br4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	2.93	3.794 (5)	151

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, y+1/2, -z+3/2$; (ii) $x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+2$; (iii) $x+1, y, z$.

Fig. 1

